

Product Description: 65" Full HD Color TFT-LCD Module					
AUO Model Name: P645HW	/03 V0				
Customer Part No. / Project	Name:				
Customer Signature AU Optronics Corp.					
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Note					

<u>P645HW03 V0</u>



Rev.0.0 Date: 2010/04/20

Product Functional Specification

65" Full HD Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: P645HW03 V0

> (*) Preliminary Specification () Final Specification

Note: This specification is subject to change without notice.



Contents

No	
	CONTENTS
	RECORD OF REVISIONS
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION
3.1	SIGNAL ELECTRIACL CHARACTERISTICS
3.2	SIGNAL INTERFACE CONNECTOR
3.3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATION
3.4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORM
3.5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERENCE
3.6	BACK LIGHT POWER SPECIFICATION
3.7	POWER SEQUENCE
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATION
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
6	PACKING
7	RELIABILITY TEST
8	INTERNATIONAL STANDARD
9	PRECAUTIONS



Record of Revision

Re v.	Data	Page	Items	New Description	Remark
0.0	2010/4/20		First Draft		

1. General Description

This specification applies to the 65 inch Color TFT-LCD Module P645HW03 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920x1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 64.5 inch. This module supports Full HD mode (non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green, and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined by 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The P645HW03 V0 has been designed to apply the 10-bit 2-channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, and high color depth are important.

The P645HW03 V0 is RoHS verified which can be distinguished on panel label.

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	64.5	inches	Diagonal
Display Area	1428.48 (H) x 803.52 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1482.4(V) x 862.0(H) x 58.9(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	1073.4M (10-bit)	colors	
Color Gamut	72	%	NTSC
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Pixel Pitch	0.744	mm	
Display Mode	Transmissive, Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare, 3H		
Total Power Consumption	440(typ.)	W	include BLU & Signal
Life Time (minimum)	50,000	hours	1
RoHS	RoHS compliance		
Display Orientation	Portrait/Landscape enable		

• <u>General Information</u>

Note 1: The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of horizontally continuous operating at 25±2 ℃.

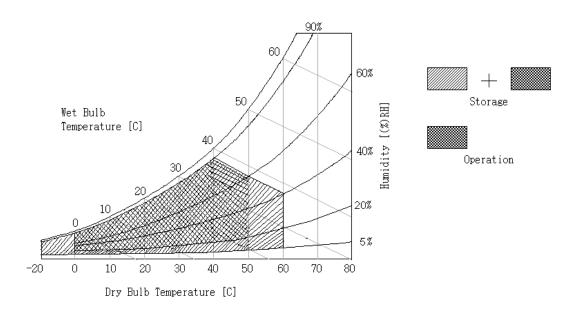
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Note
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.3	+14.0	V	1
Input Voltage of Signal	V _{IN}	-0.3	+4.0	V	1
BLU Input Voltage	V_{DDB}	-0.3	+27.0	V	1
On/Off control voltage	V _{BLON}	-0.3	+5.5	V	1
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	2
Operating Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	2
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	2
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	2
Open Lamp Voltage	V _{FB}	-0.3	+3.6	V	
Panel Surface Temperature	T _{SUR}	-	+65	°C	2

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit:

Note 1: If operate over spec but under absolute maximum rating, duration must be < 50ms.

Note 2: Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 ℃ and no condensation. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 ℃ or less. At temperatures greater than 40 ℃, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 ℃. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.





3. Electrical Specification

The P645HW03 V0 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter.

3.1 Signal Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1. LCD Characteristics

Do	Parameter			Value		Unit	Note
Fa	rameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	NOLE
Power Supply I	Power Supply Input Voltage		10.8	12.0	13.2	V	
Power Supply I	nput Current	I _{cc}		1.4		А	1
Power Consum	ption	P _{CC}		17		W	1
Inrush Current		I _{RUSH}			12	А	5
	Differential Input High Threshold				+100.0	mV	4
LVDS Interface	Voltage Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-100.0			mV	4
	Common Input Voltage	V _{CIM}	0.6	1.2	1.8	V	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V	

3.1.2. Backlight Characteristics

No	ltem	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
1	Input Voltage	V_{DDB}		21.6	24	26.4	V	
2	Input Current	I _{DDB}	V _{DDB} =24V 100%brightness	TBD	17.3	TBD	A	1
3	Input Power	P _{DDB}	V _{DDB} =24V 100%brightness	TBD	415	TBD	W	1
4	Input Inrush current	I _{RUSH}	V _{DDB} =24V 100%brightness			TBD	A	2
5	Output Frequency	F _{BL}	V _{DDB} =24V		42		KHz	

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6	On/Off Control	V	On	$V_{DDB}=24V$	2.0	3.3	5.5	V	
0	Voltage	V_{BLON}	Off	$V_{DDB}=24V$	0.0		0.8	V	
7	On/Off Control			V 04V	0		1.5	س ۸	
1	Current	I _{BLC}	N	$V_{DDB}=24V$	0		1.5	mA	
8	External PWM		Max		2.0		3.3	V	
0	Control Voltage	EV _{PWM}	Min		0		0.8	V	
9	External PWM		Max	PWM = 100%	0		2	mA	
9	Control Current	EI _{PWM}	Min	PWM = 30%	0			mA	
10	External PWM Duty	ED			30		100	%	
	Ratio	ED _P	WM		30		100	70	
11	External PWM	EE			140	180	240	Hz	
	Frequency	EF _{PWM}			140	100	240	112	
12	Internal PWM Control	IV _{PV}		V _{DDB} =24V	0		3.3	V	
12	Voltage	IVPV	VM	v _{DDB} =24v	0		5.5	v	

Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.

The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperature of 40° C or less. At temperature greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operate at low temperature, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

Note :

- 1. Vdd=12.0V, fv=60Hz, fCLK=75 Mhz , 25 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$, Vdd Duration time= 500 μs , Test pattern : white pattern
- 2. The Backlight power consumption shown above does include loss of external inverter at 25℃. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current
- **3.** The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25\pm2^{\circ}$.
- 4. VCIM = 1.2V

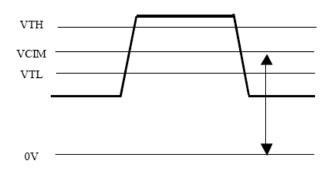
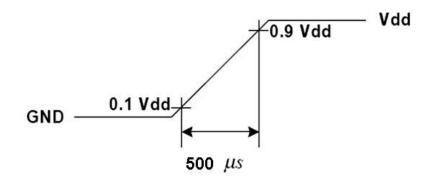


Figure : LVDS Differential Voltage



5. Measurement Condition: Rising time = 500µs



3.2. Signal Interface Connections

LCD LVDS connector (51pin): JAE FI-RE51S-HF

No.	Symbol	Description	No.	Symbol	Description
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply	27	RXEN1	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 1(-)
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply	28	RXEP1	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 1(+)
3	VCC	+12V Power Supply	29	RXEN2	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 2(-)
4	VCC	+12V Power Supply	30	RXEP2	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 2(+)
5	VCC	+12V Power Supply	31	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground	32	RXENCLK	LVDS Even pixel clock input pair(-)
7	GND	Ground	33	RXEPCLK	LVDS Even pixel clock input pair(+)
8	GND	Ground	34	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground	35	RXEN3	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 3(-)
10	RXON0	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 0(-)	36	RXEP3	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 3(+)
11	RXOP0	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 0(+)	37	RXEN4	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 4(-)
12	RXON1	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 1(-)	38	RXEP4	LVDS Even pixel data input pair 4(+)
13	RXOP1	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 1(+)	39	GND	Ground
14	RXON2	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 2(-)	40	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
15	RXOP2	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 2(+)	41	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
16	GND	Ground	42	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
17	RXONCLK	LVDS Odd pixel clock input pair(-)	43	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
					MEMC enable
18	RXOPCLK	LVDS Odd pixel clock input pair(+)	44	MEMC_ON	High/Open for MEMC on;
					Low for MEMC off
					JEIDA mode LVDS enable for
					correct output display
19	GND	Ground	45	LVDSORD	• High or NC \rightarrow abnormal
					display
					• Low \rightarrow normal display
20	RXON3	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 3(-)	46	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
21	RXOP3	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 3(+)	47	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
22	RXON4	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 4(-)	48	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
23	RXOP4	LVDS Odd pixel data input pair 4(+)	49	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
24	GND	Ground	50	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
		LVDS Even pixel data input pair 0(-)	51	NC	No connected (AUO use only)
25	RXEN0		01	NO	

Note: 1. All GND (ground) pin should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. All VCC (power input) pins should be connected.



The 10 bits LVDS Input Data Mapping

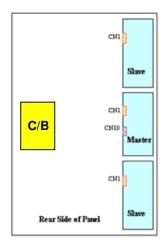
• JEIDA mode LVDS Input (LVDSORD = Low)





Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

1. Input specification



CN1 of Master board: S14B-PH-SM3-TB (JST) or equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	NC	No connect
12	VBLON	Backlight On/Off:
12	VBLON	Open/High(+3.3V) for BL on, Low(GND) for BL off
		External PWM Dimming Control input;
13	PDIM ⁽¹⁾	Open/High (3.3V/100% Duty) for 100% Lum
10		Internal PWM Dimming Control Input:
		Open/High (3.3V) for 100% Lum; GND for 30% Lum
	PDIM	Dimming mode Selection.
14	Selection ^(2,3)	Low(GND)/Open: External PWM dimming;
	Selection	High(3.3V): Internal PWM dimming.

Note 1: PDIM is PWM duty control input for +3.3V TTL level signal or DC voltage by Pin 14 input. This input signal



is (a) continuous pulse signal with +3.3V, 100% duty (i.e. +3.3V, DC level), backlight should perform 100% luminance. Duty ratio of this input signal should be proportional relationship in certain range of control without any kind of inherent side effect like waterfall effect on screen. Guaranteed duty range and dimming ratio should be specified with supplementary measurement result.

Note 2: Pin 14 is the selection pin for dimming control method; if this pin is connected to High, PDIM (Pin 13) input should have DC level signal. Therefore the inverter should have SAW Tooth Wave Generator to generate internal PWM signal. If Pin 14 is connected to GND/open, PDIM (Pin 13) input should have external PWM signal.

Note 3: Pin 14 selection vs Pin 13 control function table:

	Pin 13 (Default: Open/High 100%)
Pin 14 = GND / open	External PWM (AC signal control duty)
Pin 14 = High	Internal PWM (DC power control duty)

CN1 of slave board: S12B-PH-SM3-TB (JST) or equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
12	BLGND	Ground and Current Return



CN10 of Master board: S3B-ZR-SM3A-TF (JST)

Pin NO.	Signal name	Description
1	FB1	Feedback pin 1 (Sensor open lamp signal)
2	FB2	Feedback pin 2 (Sensor open lamp signal)
3	GND	GROND

Note :

Open Lamp Detection Configuration:

Lamp status	(FB1, FB2)	Remark	
Normal	(L,L)	No Open Lamp	
1 lamp open	en (L,H) Inverter still work and send alarm sig		
		continually.	
2~3 lamps open	(H,L)	Inverter still work and send alarm signal	
		continually.	
\geq 4 lamps open	(H,H) Inverter shut down		

3.3. Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

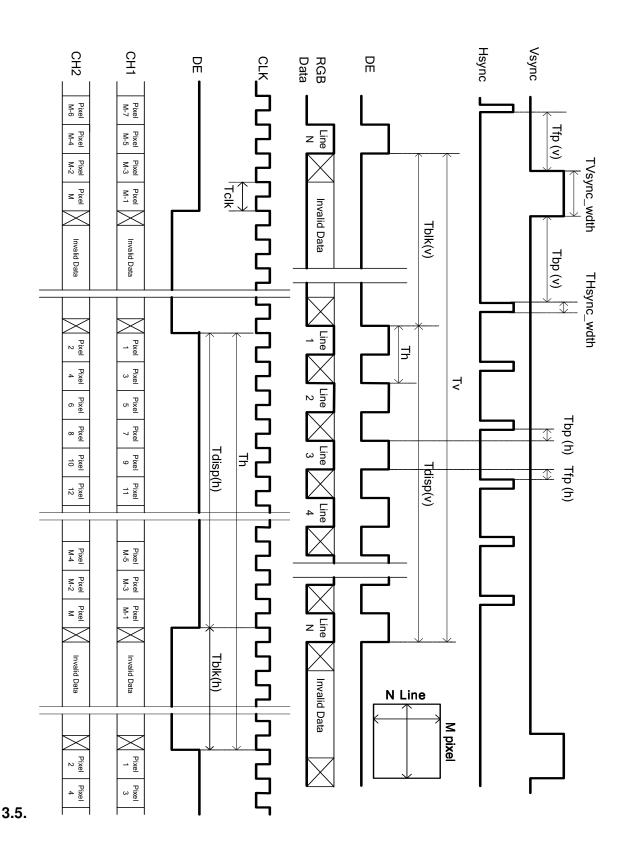
Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Vertical Frequency Range (60Hz)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Τv	1100	1125	1200	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	20	45	120	Th
Vertical Section	Front porch	Tfp (v)	1	4	110	Th
	Back porch	Tbp (v)	1	36	110	Th
	V_sync	TVsync_wdth	2	5	110	Th
	Polarity	POL (v)				
	Period	Th	1050	1100	1150	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)		960		Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	90	140	190	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Front porch	Tfp (h)	5	44	180	Tclk
	Back porch	Tbp (h)	5	74	180	Tclk
	H_sync	THsync_wdth	5	22	180	Tclk
	Polarity	POL (h)		+		
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	70.875	74.25	76	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	59.5	60	60.5	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	66	67.5	72	KHz



3.4. Signal Timing Waveform



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Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green, and blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

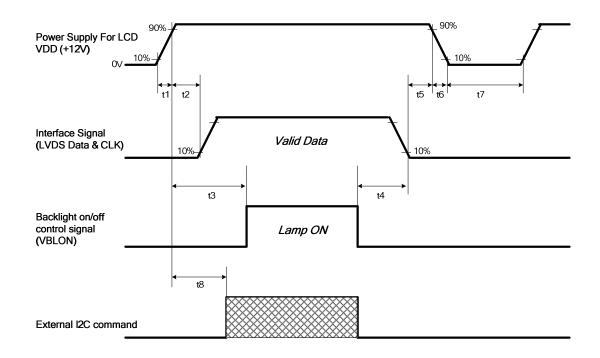
														In	put	Col	or E	Data	l												
	Color					RE	D								(GRE	EEN	I								BL	UE				
	00101	MS	В							L	SB	M	SB							LS	SB	MS	SВ							L	SB
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																															
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																															
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																															
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

COLOR DATA REFERENCE



3.6. Power Sequence

Power Sequence of LCD



Damaska		11-21		
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		2000	ms
t3	3400			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	2500			ms

Note:

(1) T4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

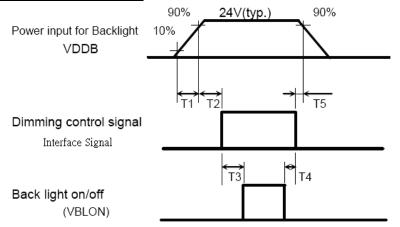
(2) T6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

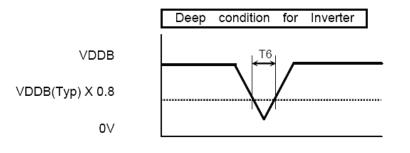
Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

Caution: The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.



Power Sequence of Inverter





Parameter		Unit		
Falameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	50	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms

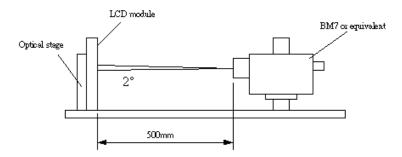
P645HW03 V0



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0°.

Test condition:



(Ta=25±5°C, Turn-on after 60mins)

Devemeter	Cumbal		Values		Linit	Nataa
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	3000	4000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	550	700		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.3		3
Response Time (Average)	T _R		6.5		ms	5 (Gray to Gray)
Rising Time	T _r		15	25	ms	4
Falling Time	Τ _f		8	10	ms	4
Color Coordinates						
Red	R _x		TBD			
	R _y]	TBD	Тур.+0.03		
Green	G _x]	TBD			
	Gy	Typ0.03	TBD			
Blue	B _x	Typ0.03	TBD			
	B _y		TBD			
White	W _x		0.28			
	Wy		0.29			
Viewing Angle						(Contrast Ratio>10)
x axis, right(φ=0 °)	θ _r		89		degree	6
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	6
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ _u		89		degree	6
y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ _d		89		degree	6



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all" white" pixels

Contrast Ratio(CR) = Surface Luminance with all "black" pixels

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see Fig. 4-2. When $V_{DDB} = 24V$, $I_{DDB} = 12.5$ A. $L_{WH}=L_{on1}$, Where Lon1 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.

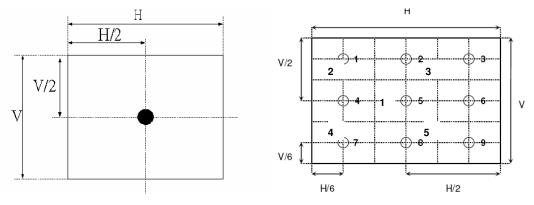
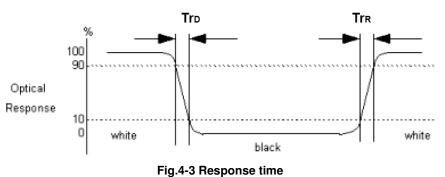


Fig.4-2 Optical measurement point

- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined under 100% brightness as: $\delta_{WHITE(5P)}$ =Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on5})/Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...L_{on5})
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white(L255) to black(L0) (Decay Time, $Tr_D=Tf$) and from black(L0) to white(L255) (Rise Time, $Tr_R=Tr$). For additional information see Fig. 4-3.





5. The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal among 0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% luminance. For additional information see Fig. 4-4.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		t: 0%-25%	t: 0%-50%	t: 0%-75%	t: 0%-100%
25%	t: 25%-0%		t: 25%-50%	t: 25%-75%	t: 25%-100%
50%	t: 50%-0%	t: 50%-25%		t: 50%-75%	t: 50%-100%
75%	t: 75%-0%	t: 75%-25%	t: 75%-50%		t: 75%-100%
100%	t: 100%-0%	t: 100%-25%	t: 100%-50%	t: 100%-75%	

Fig.4-4 Response time

 Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Fig. 4-5. (Optical measurement by SR3)

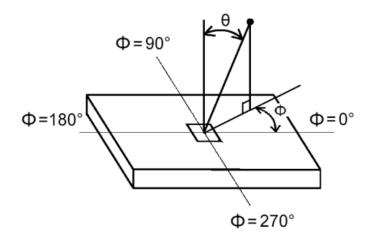


Fig.4-5 Viewing Angle Definition

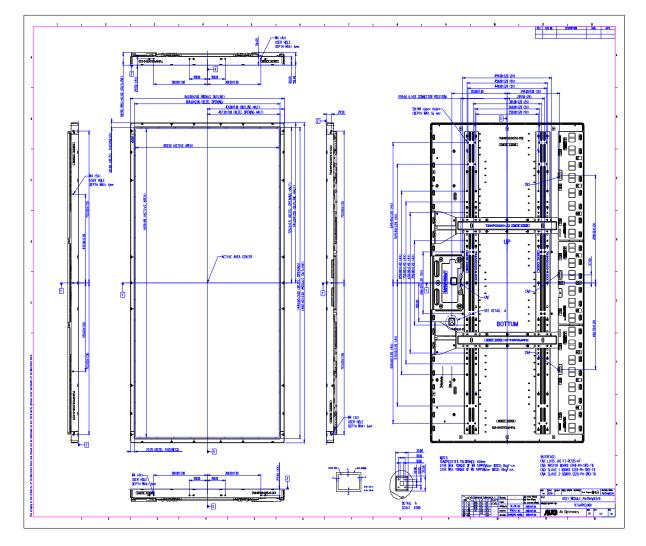
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model P645HW03 V0. Detailed mechanical drawings are shown in the following pages.

	Horizontal (typ.)	1482.4 mm
Outline Dimension	Vertical (typ.)	862.0 mm
	Depth (typ.)	58.9mm (with inverter)
Bezel Opening Area	Horizontal (typ.)	1440.6mm
Bezer Opening Area	Vertical (typ.)	814.6 mm
Activo Dioplay Area	Horizontal	1428.48 mm
Active Display Area	Vertical	803.52 mm
Weight	30 KG	i (Max)



2D Drawing



P645HW03 V0



Packing

6. Reliability Test

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C, 300hr judge
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20°C, 300hr judge
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C, 300hr judge
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=-5℃, 300hr judge
5	Vibration test (with carton)	Wave form: Random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth: 10~200Hz Duration: X, Y, Z (30min each direction)
6	Drop test (with carton)	Bottom flats:25.4 cm (ASTMD4169-I)



7. International Standard

7.1. Safety

- UL60065,2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (AUO file number : E204356)
 Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus, safety requirement
- (2) UL60950-1,2003, Underwriters Laboratories, (AUO file number : E204356)
 Standard for safety of information technology equipment including electrical business equipment
- (3) EN60065
- (4) EN60950
- (5) IEC 60065, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC) Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus, safety requirement
- (6) IEC 60950-1:

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC) European Standard for safety of information technology equipment including electrical business equipment

7.2. EMC

- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

A. Panel Label

1. Shipping Label Outline(P/N: 82.64P01.001): 100mm * 23mm



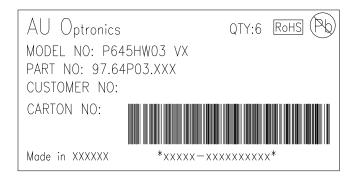
Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label

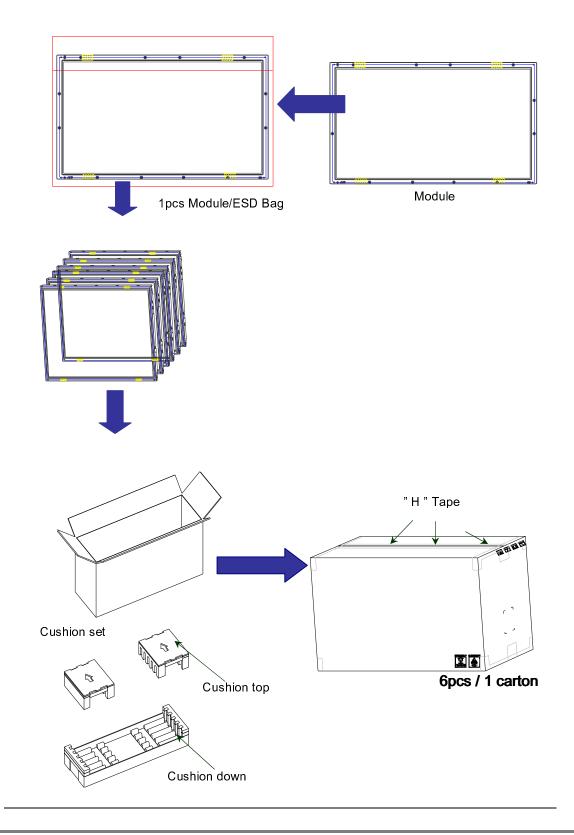
Catton label outline(P/N: 82.15B06.004): 80mm*40mm





C. Packing Instruction

Carton dimension: 1634 (L) x 555 (W) x 1035 (H) ; One Box weight \div 198kg



P645HW03 V0

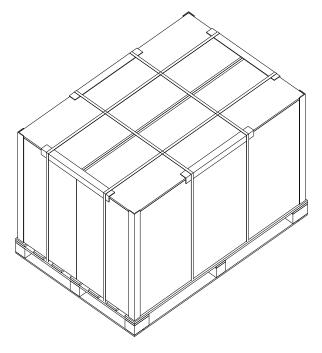


D. Packing Specification

By air cargo : (2x1) x 1 layer, one pallet put 2 boxes, total 12pcs module.

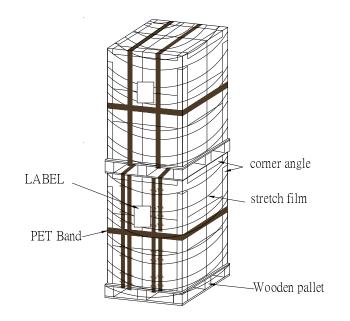
Dimension : 1150mm*1660mm*1167mm

Weight: 416kg



<u>By sea</u> : (2x1) x 2layer, one pallet put 2 boxes, stack 2 layers, total 24pcs module. Dimension : 1150mm*1660mm*2334mm

Weight: 832 kg



P645HW03 V0

Page 29/32



			Specification						
	Item	Qty.	ty. Dimension Weight (kg)						
1	Packing BOX	6 pcs/box	1634(L)mm*555(W)mm*1035(H)mm	198					
2	Pallet	1	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*132(H)mm 20						
3	Boxes per Pallet	2 boxes/Pal	ooxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 2 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)						
4	Panels per Pallet	12pcs/pallet	t(By Air) ; 12 pcs/Pallet (By Sea)						
5	Pallet	12 (by Air)	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*1167(H)mm (by Air)	416(by Air)					
	after packing	24 (by Sea)	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*2334(H)mm (by Sea)	832 (by Sea)					



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9.1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged on back or edge side of panel.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9.2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV (over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9.3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9.4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9.5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 °C and 35 °C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9.6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9.7. Operating Condition in PID Application

- (1) If the continuous static display is required, periodically inserting a motion picture is strongly recommended.
- (2) Recommend to periodically change the background color and background image.
- (3) Recommend not to continuously operate over 18 hours a day.
- (4) Recommend to adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
 - I. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
 - II. Power off the system for a while
- (5) Try not to run the LCD in a closed environment. Suitable venting on the system cover would be helpful for cooling.
- (6) It is better to adapt active cooling with fans for long time displaying, especially for high luminance LCD model.