

Model Name: T315HW04 VD

Issue Date: 2010/12/01

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date					
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Yen Ting Chiu						
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader Benson Chai						
		Prepared By PM Claire Wang						





Contents

No		
		CONTENTS
		RECORD OF REVISIONS
1		GENERAL DESCRIPTION
2		ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
3		ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION
	3-1	ELECTRIACL CHARACTERISTICS
	3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS
	3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATION
	3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORM
	3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERENCE
	3-6	POWER SEQUENCE
	3-7	BACKLIGHT SPECIFICATION
4		OPTICAL SPECIFICATION
5		MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
6		RELIABILITY TEST ITEMS
7		INTERNATIONAL STANDARD
	7-1	SAFETY
	7-2	EMC
8		PACKING
	8-1	DEFINITION OF LABEL
	8-2	PACKING METHODS
	8-3	PALLET AND SHIPMENT INFORMATION
9		PRECAUTION
	9-1	MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS
	/9-2	OPERATING PRECAUTIONS
	9-3	ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL
	9-4	PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE
	9-5	STORAGE
	9-6	HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECT FILM





Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2011/12/01		First release





1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315HW04 VD. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315HW04 VD has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.55	inch	
Display Area	698.4 (H) x 392.85 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	760.0 (H) x 450.0 (V) x 46.9 (D)	mm	D: front bezel to T-con cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	703.8(H) x 398.4 (V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.36375 (H) x 0.36375 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

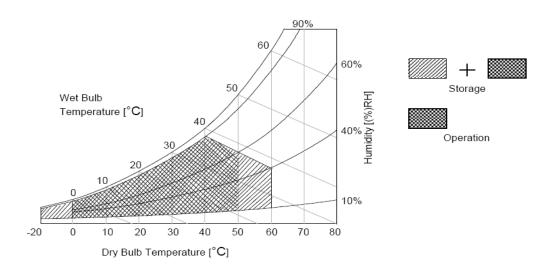
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage (for	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
12V input)					
Input Voltage of Signal (for 12V	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
input)					
Below 3 columns	based on wha	t kind of driving	g method (EE v	er1.9, section	2)
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	28	V_{DC}	Note 1
BLU on/off Control Voltage	V_{BLON}	-0.3	7	V_{DC}	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7	V_{DC}	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition



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3. Electrical Specification

The T315HW04 VD requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Cumbal		Value		Unit	Note	
	rarameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	14010	
LCD								
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V_{DC}		
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.74	0.82	Α	1	
Power Co	nsumption	Pc		8.8	9.84	Watt	1	
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}			4	Α	2	
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	3	
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	3	
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	3	
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	3	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	4	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	4	
Backlight	Power Consumption	P _{BL}	TBD	67	TBD	Watt		
Life time			5000			Hour	7, 8	



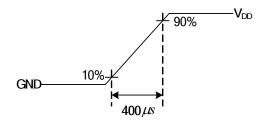


3.1.2: AC Characteristics

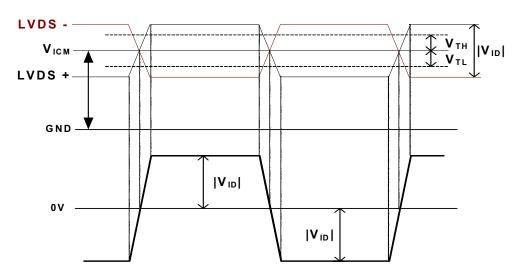
Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
raidilletei	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	NOLE
Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%	1	Fclk +3%	MHz	5
Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	5
Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz	tRMG	-0.4		0.4	ns	6
Fclk = 65 MHz		-0.5		0.5		

Note:

- 1. V_{DD} = 12.0V, Fv = 60Hz, Fclk= 74.2MHz , 25 $^{\circ}$ C , Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



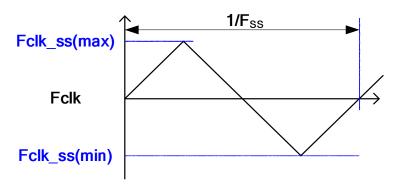
3. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



- **4.** The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 5. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures

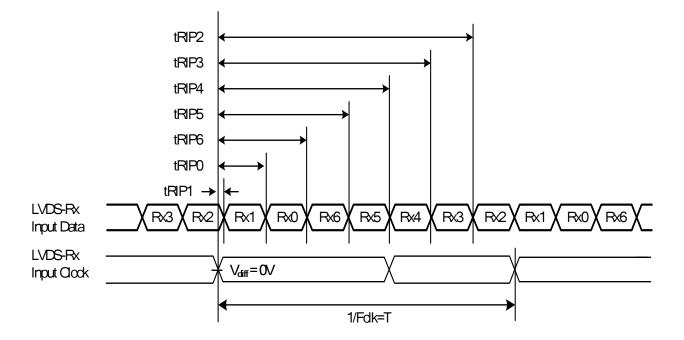






Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating						
Farameter	Symbol	Min Type		Max	Unit	Note			
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk			
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	[tRMG]	ns				
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns				



6. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current





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occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.

- 7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- **8.** Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.

 [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C]





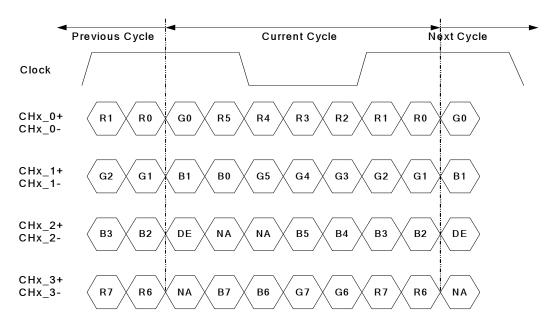
3.2 Interface Connections

3.3 LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)3.4 Mating connector: FI-RE51S-HF (JAE, LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	26	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	27	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
3	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated		CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
4	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	29	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
5	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	30	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
6	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	31	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	32	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
8	GND	Ground	33	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
9	GND	Ground	34	GND	Ground
10	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	35	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
11	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	36	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
12	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-		NC	No connection
13	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+		NC	No connection
14	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-		GND	Ground
15	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	40	SCL	LVDS_SCL
16	GND	Ground	41	SDA	LVDS_SDA
17	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	42	NC	No connection
18	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	43	NC	No connection
19	GND	Ground	44	NC	No connection
20	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	45	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
21	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	46	NC	No connection
22	NC	No connection	47	NC	No connection
23	NC	No connection	48	NC	No connection
24	GND	Ground	49	NC	No connection
25	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	50	NC	No connection
			51	NC	No connection



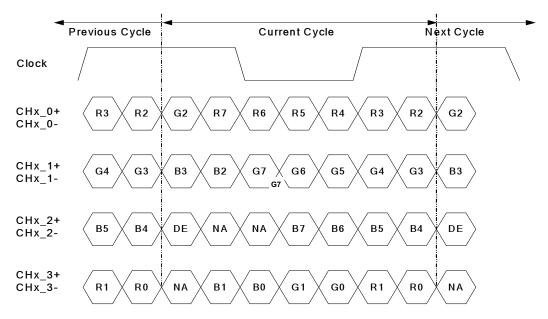
LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



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Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

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3.5 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

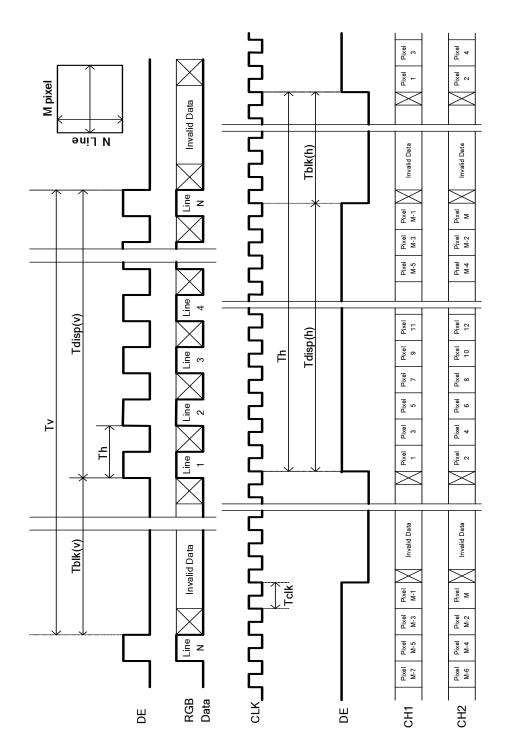
Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit		
	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th		
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080				
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th		
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk		
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		Tclk				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk		
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz		
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz		

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2)Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.

3.6 Signal Timing Waveforms



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3.7 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

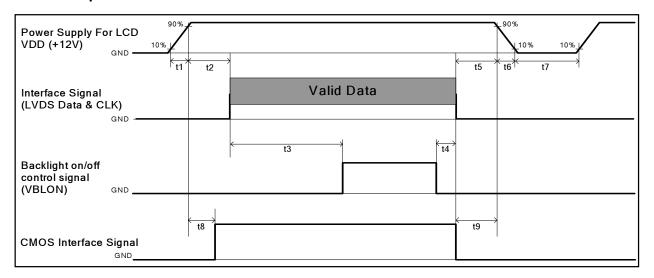
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											I	npu	t Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD					GREEN							BLUE							
	Color	MSB LSB N						MSB LSB					MSB LSB												
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																						! ! !			
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																								 	
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





Power Sequence for LCD



Damanatan		Values									
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit							
t1	0.4		30	ms							
t2	0.1		50	ms							
t3	450			ms							
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms							
t5	0			ms							
t6			*2	ms							
t7	500			ms							
t8	10		50	ms							
t9	0			ms							

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

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3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 4-U type CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

3.7.1 Electrical specification

	ltem	Symbol		Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
	item			Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
1	Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	21.6	24	26.4	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I _{DI}	DB	VDDB=24V	3.09	3.25	3.41	ADC	1
3	Input Power	P _D	DB	VDDB=24V	61	67	73	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{RL}	JSH	VDDB=24V	-	-	5.25	ADC	2
E	5 On/Off control voltage	M	ON	- VDDB=24V	2	-	5.5	VDC _	-
3		V_{BLON}	OFF		0	-	0.8		-
6	On/Off control current	I _{BL}	ON	VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	7 Dimming Control Voltage V_DIM	V DIM	MAX	\/DDD 04\/	3.0	-	3.3	VDC	-
'		MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-	
8	Dimming Control Current	I_C	DIM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM	1_R	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
10	External PWM	\/ ED\A/N4	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3	\/DC	-
10	Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
11	External PWM Control Current	I_EP	PWM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EPWM		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
13	External PWM Frequency	F_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25±5°C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

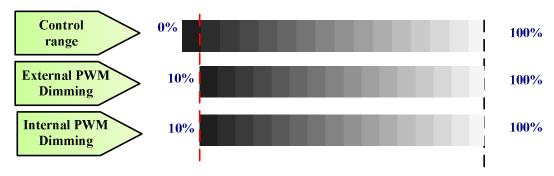
Note 3: Less than 10% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened



3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

CN3: CI0114M1HRL-NH (Cvilux)

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: BL On : High/Open (2V~5.5V); BL off : Low (0~0.8V/GND)
13	VDIM	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC; at External PWM mode>
14	PDIM	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC; at Internal PWM mode>

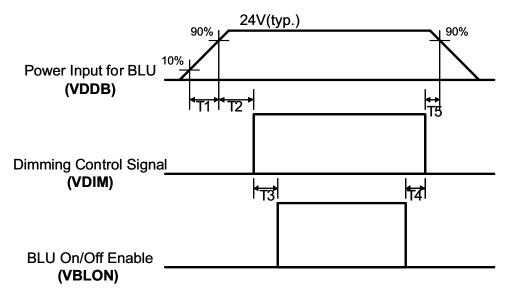


PWM Dimming: include Internal and External PWM Dimming

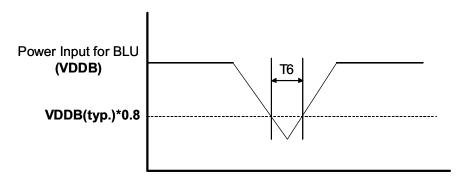




3.7.3 Power Sequence for Inverter



Dip condition for Inverter



Doromotor		Value		Units	
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Onits	
T1	20	-	-	ms	
T2	500	-	-	ms	
Т3	250	-	-	ms	
T4	0	-	-	ms	
T5	1	-	-	ms	
T6	-	-	10	ms	

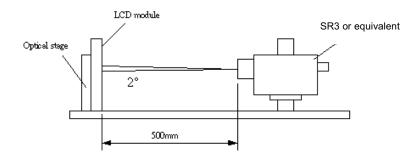




4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Parameter		Values			Unit	Notes
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contras	Contrast Ratio		4000	5000			1
Surface	Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	320	400		cd/m ²	2
Lumina	nce Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.33		3
Respon	se Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color G	amut	NTSC		72		%	
Color C	oordinates						
	Red	R _X		0.640			
		R _Y		0.330			
	Green	G _X	1	0.281			
		G _Y	T 0.02	0.590	T .0.00		
	Blue	B _X	Typ0.03	0.144	Typ.+0.03		
		B _Y	1	0.060			
	White	W _X	1	0.280			
		W _Y	1	0.290			
Viewing Angle							5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$		89		degree	
	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	

Note:

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1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current I_H = 11mA. L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$ = Maximum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,..., L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,... L_{on9})

4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_{ν} =60Hz to optimize.

Measured Response Time				Target		
		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

 T_{γ} is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated)

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

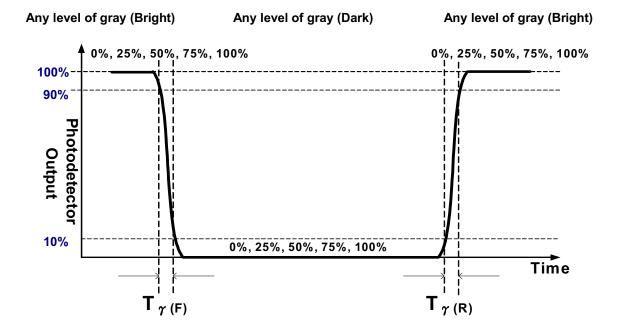
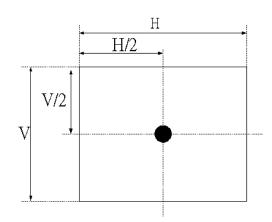
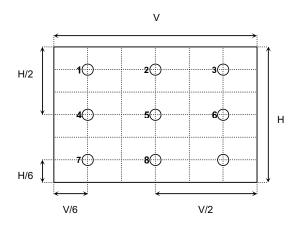




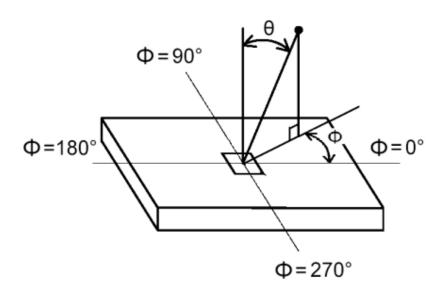
FIG. 2 Luminance





5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG.3 Viewing Angle







5. Mechanical Characteristics

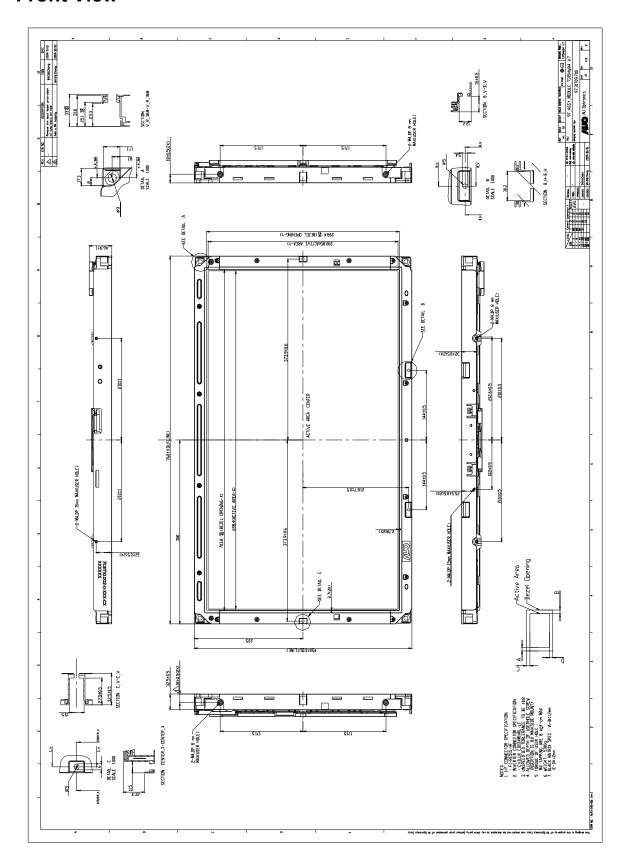
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315HW04 VD. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

It	em	Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	760.0	mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	450.0	mm	
Outline Dimension	Depth (Dmin)	30.54	mm	to rear
	Depth (Dmax)	46.9	mm	to inverter cover
Weight	5300		g	





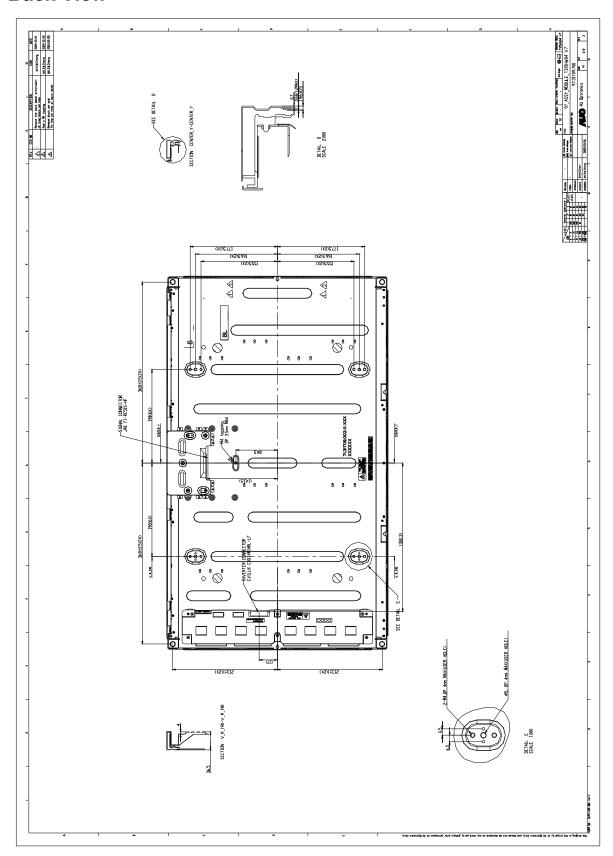
Front View







Back View







6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5°ℂ, 300hrs
			Wave form: random
			Vibration level: 1.5G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz,
			Duration: X, Y, Z 30min
			One time each direction
			Shock level: 50G
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms
			Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
_			Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	4	30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
			Height: 45.7cm (ASTMD4169-I)
8	Drop test (With carton)	4	1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces
			(refer ASTM D 5276)





7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



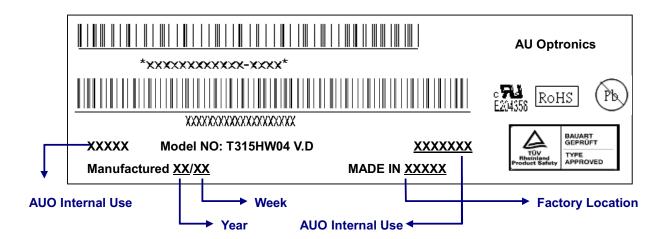


8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



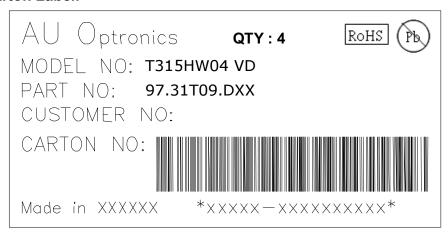


Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add Fb for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

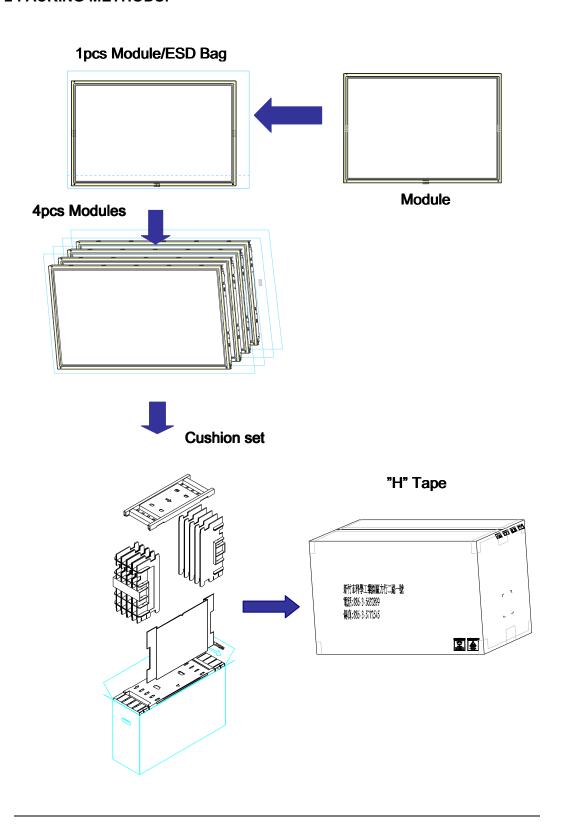
B. Carton Label:







8-2 PACKING METHODS:

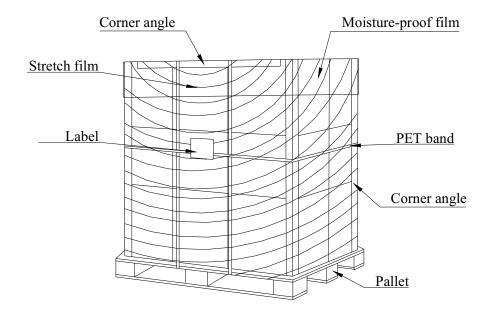






8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item		Packing Remark		
l item		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	racking itemark
01	Packing BOX	4pcs/box	022/1 *202/\\/*E4E/L\\	24.1	Box = 1.8 kg
s1			832(L)*283(W)*545(H)		Cushion = 2.3kg
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)*840(W)*132(H)	13	
3	Boxes per Pallet				
4	Panels per Pallet				
	Pallet after packing	32	1150(L)*840(W)*1222(H)	205.8	







9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall





be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.